Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Using a Bore Sight Camera as an AR&D Sensor, Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2009 - 2011)

Project Introduction

This Phase II SBIR project will provide real time, relative six Degree of Freedom (6DoF) information to the crew of the ORION for docking. Our technical innovation performs optimized correlation (ULTOR

REG

), using video from the centerline (boresight) camera, to accurately locate features of interest, and marry that with a passive pose and position algorithm (ULTOR

REG

P3E) to accurately measure relative position and pose. In Phase II this ULTOR

REG

P3E process will be ported to an ORION VPU emulator, integrated with a centerline camera emulator, and demonstrated in a hardware in the loop (HWIL) docking experiment. The benefits of this program include: No additional weight or volume added to the weight constrained ORION baseline design. A backup docking sensor capability using different physics. The sensor output data will serve as an astronaut aid, working with the same imagery the astronaut views, and providing calibrated measurements. The sensor can work with Star Tracker imagery for long range relative navigation. The sensor data can be used directly with the Orion control system, allowing the astronaut to serve a supervisory role, relieving workload. Supports Lunar orbit docking (uncrewed Orion). Compatible with future robotic missions and robotic systems.

Anticipated Benefits

The proposed system has the following Non-NASA applications: Satellite servicing Commercial Space Georegistration Robotic Assembly Security systems DOD-Operationally Responsive Space (ORS) DOD black programs The proposed system supports the Exploration initiative and has the following NASA applications: Orion crew aid and backup system for docking COTS station keeping/berthing to resupply the ISS Future Hubble deorbit or servicing missions Earth orbit rendezvous for lunar transfer Lunar orbit rendezvous for return to Earth Lunar landing (georegistration with landing site maps) MARS rendezvous, landing and return



Using a Bore Sight Camera as an AR&D Sensor, Phase II

Table of Contents

Project Introduction	1
Anticipated Benefits	1
Primary U.S. Work Locations	
and Key Partners	2
Project Transitions	2
Organizational Responsibility	2
Project Management	2
Technology Maturity (TRL)	3
Technology Areas	3



Using a Bore Sight Camera as an AR&D Sensor, Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2009 - 2011)

Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



Organizations Performing Work	Role	Туре	Location
☆Goddard Space Flight Center(GSFC)	Lead	NASA	Greenbelt,
	Organization	Center	Maryland
Advanced Optical	Supporting	Industry	Huntsville,
Systems, Inc.	Organization		Alabama

Co-Funding Partners	Туре	Location
Army	US Government	Washington, District of Columbia

Primary U.S. Work Locations	
Alabama	Maryland

Project Transitions



Organizational Responsibility

Responsible Mission Directorate:

Space Technology Mission Directorate (STMD)

Lead Center / Facility:

Goddard Space Flight Center (GSFC)

Responsible Program:

Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Project Management

Program Director:

Jason L Kessler

Program Manager:

Carlos Torrez

Project Manager:

Scott P Cryan

Principal Investigator:

Fred Roe



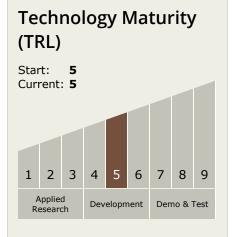
Small Business Innovation Research/Small Business Tech Transfer

Using a Bore Sight Camera as an AR&D Sensor, Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2009 - 2011)





Technology Areas

Primary:

